---Question 11: Pad employee first names with \* on the left side to make them 15 characters wide.

select lpad(first\_name, 15, '\*') from employees;

---Question 12: Remove leading spaces from &#39; Oracle&#39;.

select ltrim(' Oracle') from dual;

---Question 13: Display each employee’s name with the first letter capitalized.

select initcap(first\_name) from employees;

---Question 14: Find the next Monday after 20-AUG-2022.

select next\_day(to\_date('20-aug-2022','dd-mon-yyyy'), 'monday') from dual;

---Question 15: Convert &#39;25-DEC-2023&#39; (string) to a date and display it in MM-YYYY format.

select to\_char(to\_date('25-dec-2023','dd-mon-yyyy'), 'mm-yyyy') from dual;

---Question 16: Display all distinct salaries in ascending order.

select distinct salary from employees order by salary;

---Question 17: Display the salary of each employee rounded to the nearest hundred.

select round(salary,-2) from employees;

---Question 18: Find the department that has the maximum number of employees.

select department\_id from employees group by department\_id having count(\*) = (select max(cnt) from (select count(\*) cnt from employees group by department\_id));

---Question 19: Find the top 3 highest-paid departments by total salary expense.

select department\_id, total\_salary from (select department\_id, sum(salary) total\_salary from employees group by department\_id order by total\_salary desc) where rownum <= 3;

---Question 20: Find the department that has the maximum number of employees.

select department\_id from employees group by department\_id having count(\*) = (select max(dept\_cnt) from (select department\_id, count(\*) dept\_cnt from employees group by department\_id));